

# CORN

# **DID YOU KNOW?**



For every kernel of corn on the cob, there is one strand of silk.



An ear of corn has an average of 16 rows with 800 kernels.



Corn is produced on every continent of the world with the exception of Antarctica.



A 1 cup serving of corn provides 5 grams of protein, and you'll get 4 grams of fiber from 1 cup of cooked corn.



Corn can be made into fuel, abrasives, solvents, charcoal, animal feed, bedding for animals, insulation, adhesives, and more.

# **CORN**

### -FRESH AND HEALTHY-

Corn has many uses from being a staple food that provides the basis for tortillas, burritos, or polenta. Popcorn and corn chips are used as snacks while corn is also devoured as a special summertime food that is popular at barbecues and cookouts. Corn can be purchased frozen, canned or fresh in many varieties such as white, yellow, red, blue, brown and purple.

# Best Time to Buy: May - October

#### **Corn Benefits U!**

- Saturated fat and sodium free
- Source of vitamins A and C.
- Provides carotenoids lutein and zeaxanthin

Fresh corn is 74% water and has 96 calories per ear. Canned corn has 133 calories per cup.



## **Add Color to Your Meal**

- Sweet corn soup and chowder are favorite starters in almost all corners of the world.
- Grill a corncob and serve with salt, lemon, and pepper seasoning.
- Add to salad for a crisp crunch and sweet flavor.

# **CORN**

### RECIPE CORNER

### **Corn and Black Bean Salad**

3 ears of corn, grilled or boiled 1 can black beans, no sodium, rinsed

1/2 cup red bell pepper, diced
3 Tbsp vegetable oil
2 Tbsp lime juice
1/4 tsp ground red pepper
Salt and Pepper to taste
1/2 cup reduced fat feta

**2 Tbsp** green onions, chives or basil thinly sliced

cheese

Amount Per Serving		
Calories 192	Calories from Fat	58
	% D	illy Value
Total Fat 6.4g		8 %
Saturated Fat	1.7g	8 %
TransFat 0.0	g	
Cholesterol 6.7	mg	2 %
Sodium 118.4mg	,	5 %
Total Carbohydra	<b>te</b> 26.9g	10 %
Dietary Fiber	7.6g	27 %
Sugars 3.7g		
Protein 9.6g		
Vitamin A 12	% Calcium	3 %
Vitamin C 23	% Iron	10 %

- Remove husks and silks from corn. Place corn in large pot of boiling water and cook for 10 minutes.
   Remove corn from water and allow to cool. Use a serrated knife to remove kernels from cob.
- 2. In a colander, rinse black bean to remove canning liquid.
- 3. In a large bowl, combine corn kernels, black beans and bell pepper.
- 4. In a small jar with a lid, combine vegetable oil, lime juice, and red pepper (add salt and pepper, if preferred). Drizzle over corn-black bean-pepper medley and stir to mix.
- 5. Sprinkle cheese and sliced onions or herbs over salad.

Serves 6.



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# **FAST FACTS**

#### **SELECTION**

As soon as it is picked, the sugar in corn turns to starch reducing its sweetness. Look for bright green tight husks and milky plump kernels.

#### **STORAGE**

Corn should be used immediately or refrigerated as the sugar content converts to starch when stored at room temperature. Husked corn should be placed loosely in plastic food storage bags, refrigerated, and used within two days.

#### **PREPARATION**

Boil, grill, roast, sauté, or simmer. To boil, strip the husk and silk and trim the stems. Cook in unsalted boiling water (salt will toughen the kernels) until tender. Season after cooking.

#### **PRESERVATION**

To freeze, shuck, remove silks, trim ends, wash and then water blanch (small ears 7 minutes, medium ears 9 minutes and large ears 11 minutes). Chill in ice water the same number of minutes. Drain, and then wrap ears separately or put several in a freezer bag. Always use materials meant for freezing. There are three ways to freeze: on the cob, whole kernel and cream style. When freezing corn, do small amounts at a time.

#### For more information contact:

1.800.ASK.UGA1

